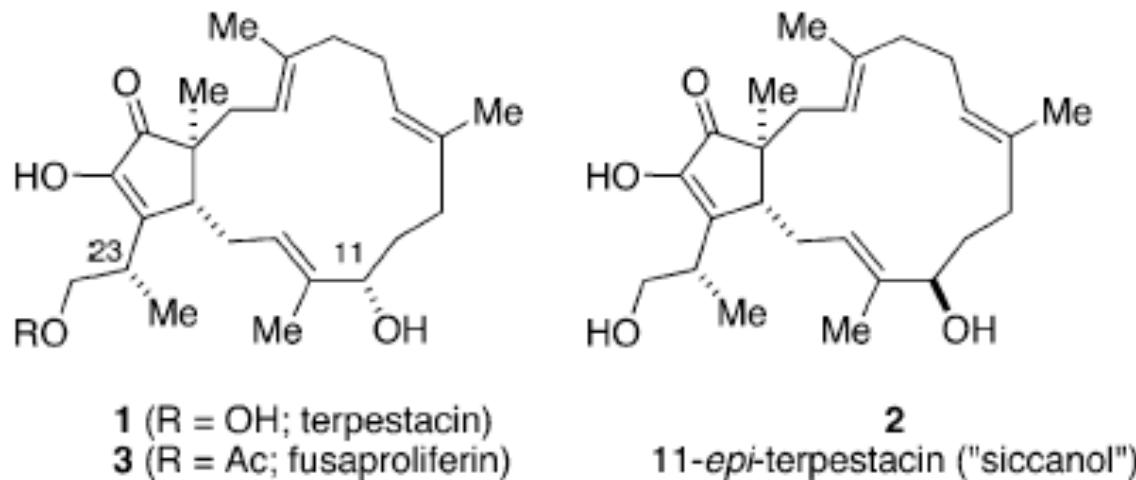


Enantioselective Synthesis of (–)-Terpestacin and Structural Revision of Siccanol Using Catalytic Stereoselective Fragment Couplings and Macrocyclizations

Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Department of Chemistry

1. Johann Chan and Timothy F. Jamison;
JACS, **2004**, ASAP
2. Johann Chan and Timothy F. Jamison;
JACS, **2003**, *125*, 11514-11515
3. Elizabeth A. Colby and Tomothy F. Jamison; *JOC*, **2003**, *68*, 156-166





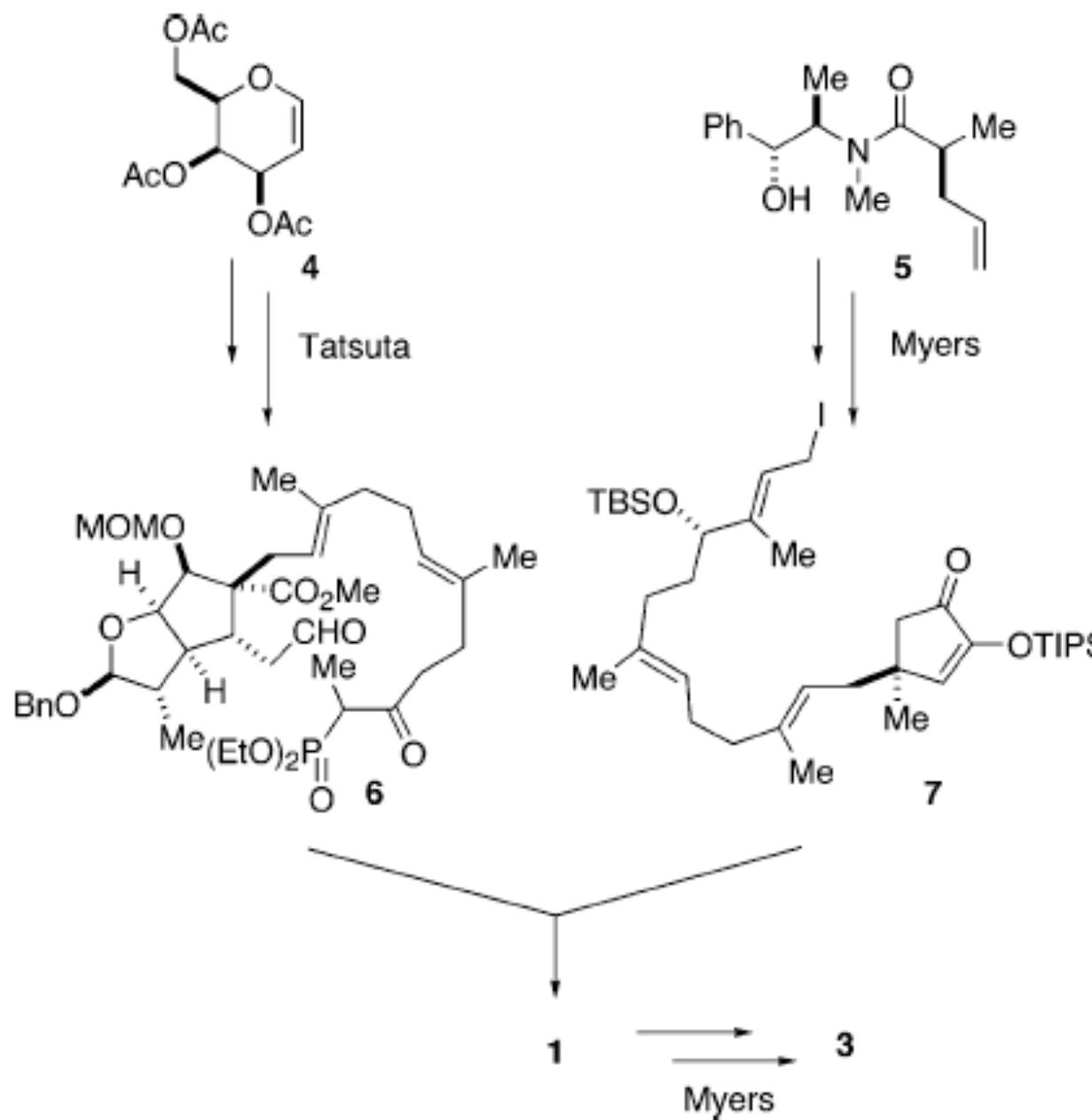
Bioactivities of terpestacin 1

- Inhibits the formation of syncytia, giant-monnucleated cell related to HIV infection
- Inhibits angiogenesis

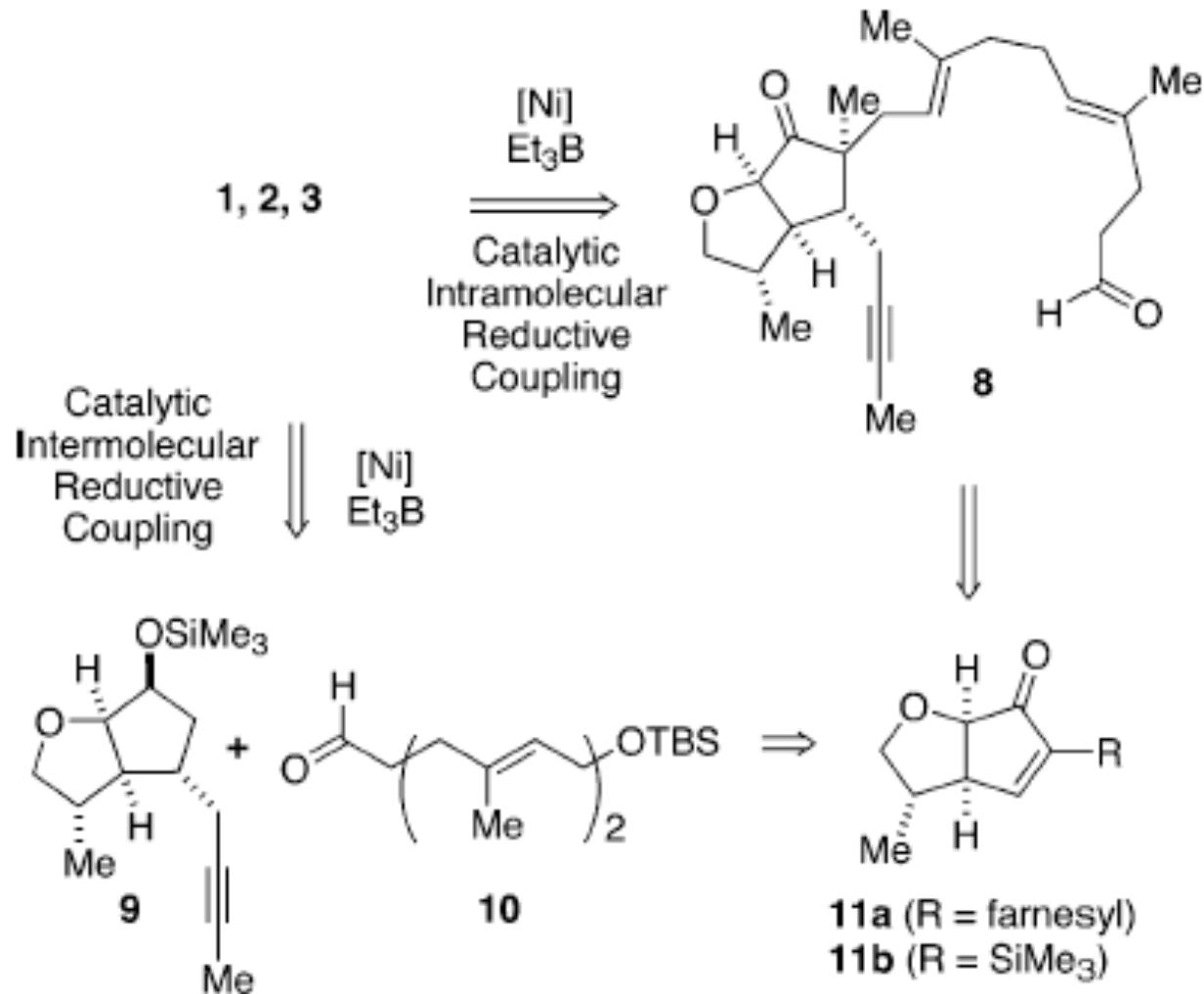
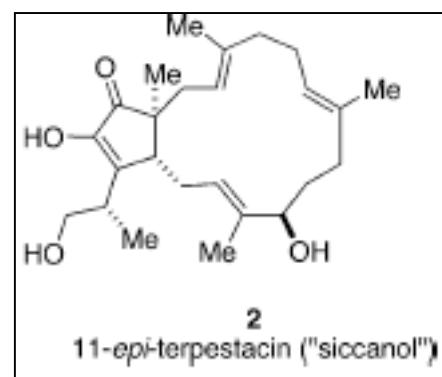
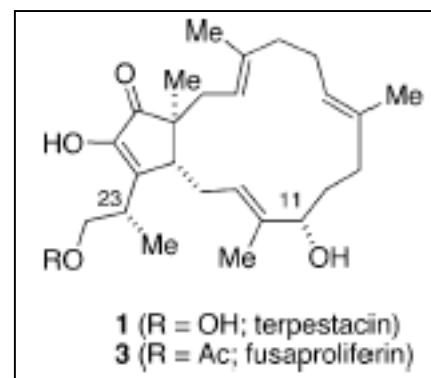
History of terpestacin 1 and siccanol 2:

- | | | |
|---|----------|---|
| • 1993 Isolation of 1 (<i>Arthrinium sp.</i>) | Oka | $[\alpha]_D = +26^\circ$ (CHCl_3 , 22 °C) |
| • 1998 Enantiospecific synthesis of 1 | Tatsuta | $[\alpha]_D = +27^\circ$ (CHCl_3) |
| • 2001 Isolation of “enantiomer of 1” (<i>Ulocladium sp.</i>) | Gräfe | $[\alpha]_D = -16.5^\circ$ (CDCl_3 , 25 °C) |
| | | $[\alpha]_D = -21.5^\circ$ (MeOH , 25 °C) |
| • 2002 Enantioselective syntheses of 1 & 3 | Myers | $[\alpha]_D = -17^\circ$ (CHCl_3 , 28 °C) |
| | | $[\alpha]_D = -18^\circ$ (MeOH , 25 °C) |
| | | Gräfe's discovery is 1 itself |
| • 2002 Isolation of “siccanol 2” (<i>Bipolaris sorokiniana</i>) | Miyagawa | |
| • 2003 Enantioselective syntheses of 1 & 2 | Jamison | siccanol 2 is actually terpestacin 1 |

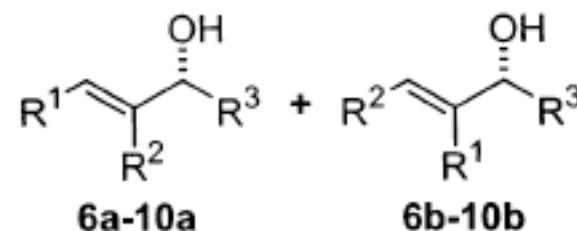
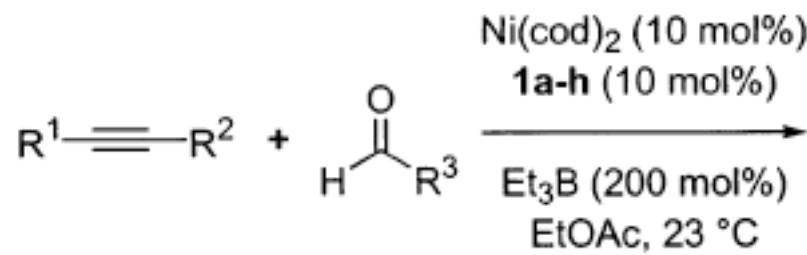
Scheme 1. Previous Enantioselective Syntheses of Terpestatin (1) and Fusaproliferin (3)



Scheme 3. Nickel-Catalyzed Alkyne–Aldehyde Coupling Strategies



Ni-catalyzed Asymmetric Reductive Coupling



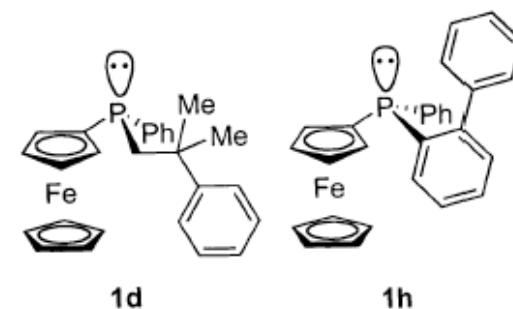
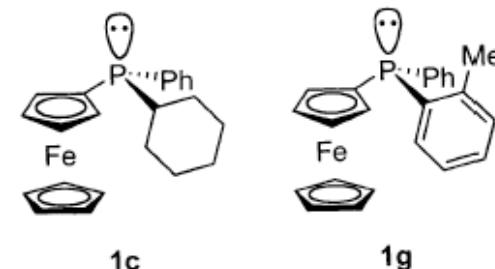
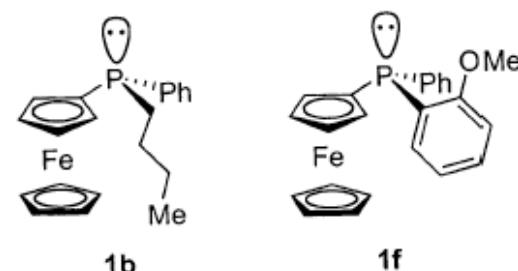
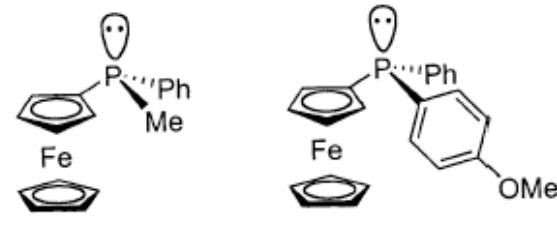
6a,b: $\text{R}^1 = c\text{-C}_6\text{H}_{11}$, $\text{R}^2 = \text{Me}$, $\text{R}^3 = i\text{-Pr}$

7: $\text{R}^1 = \text{R}^2 = n\text{-Pr}$, $\text{R}^3 = \text{Ph}$

8: $\text{R}^1 = \text{R}^2 = \text{R}^3 = n\text{-Pr}$

9: $\text{R}^1 = \text{R}^2 = n\text{-Pr}$, $\text{R}^3 = i\text{-Pr}$

10a,b: $\text{R}^1 = c\text{-C}_6\text{H}_{11}$, $\text{R}^2 = \text{Me}$, $\text{R}^3 = n\text{-Pr}$



Elizabeth A. Colby and Tomothy F. Jamison; *JOC*, 2003, 68, 156-166

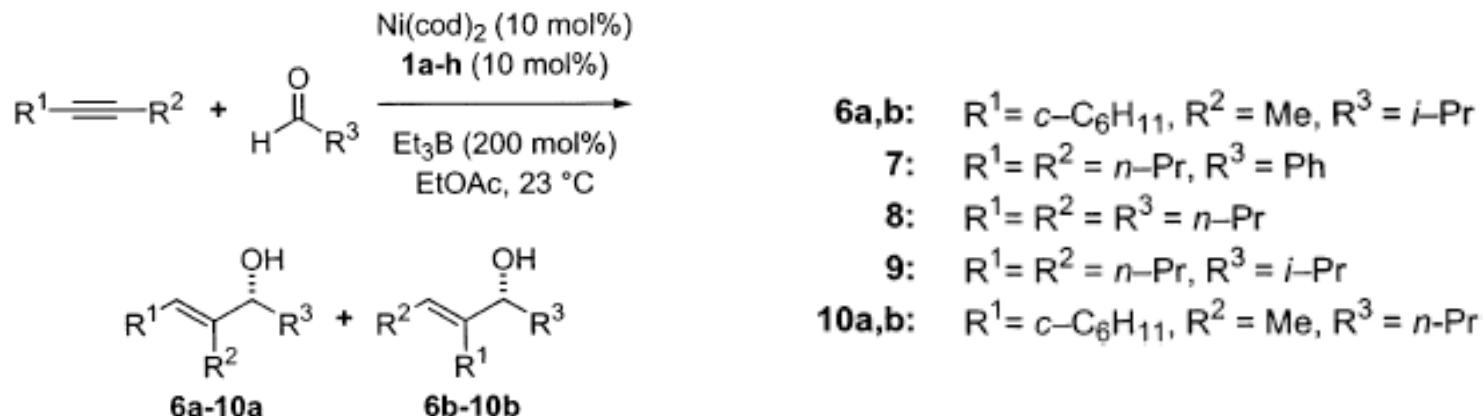
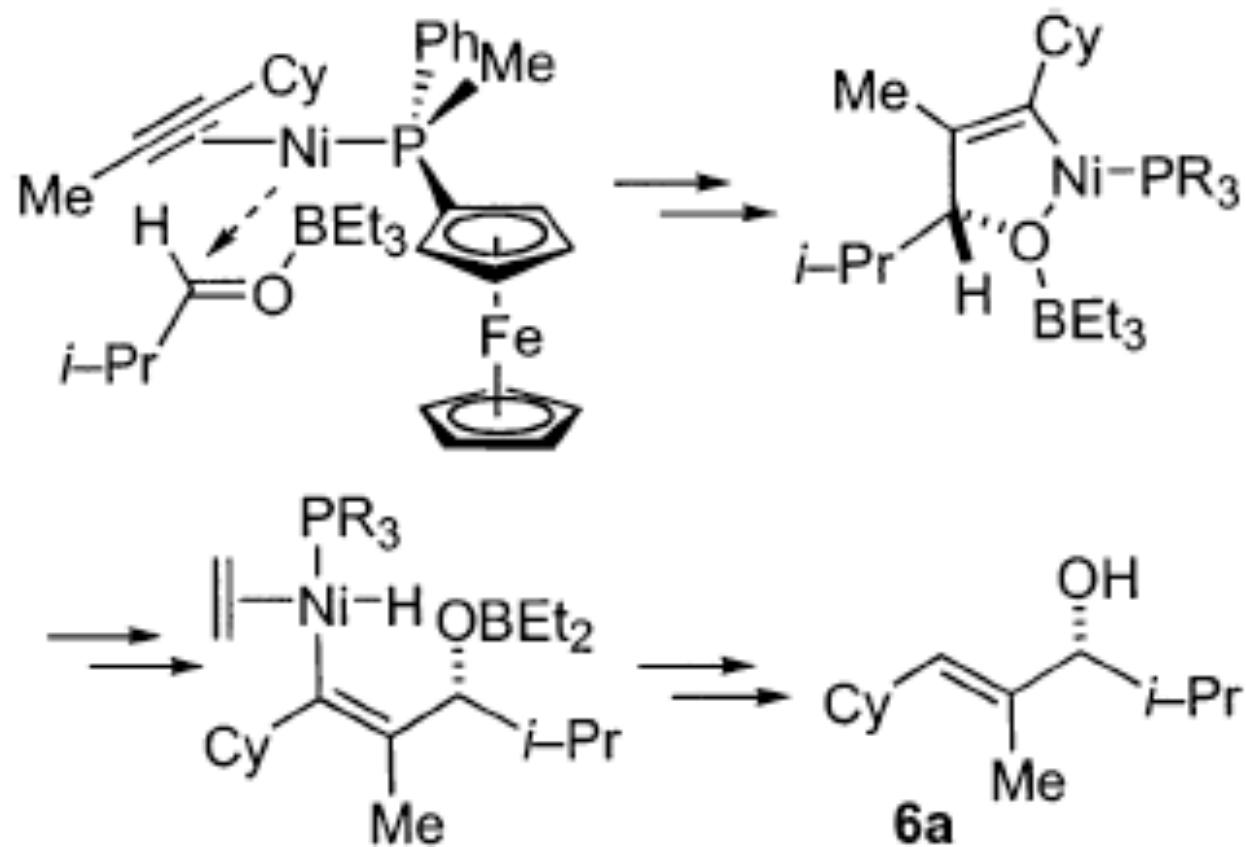


TABLE 2^a

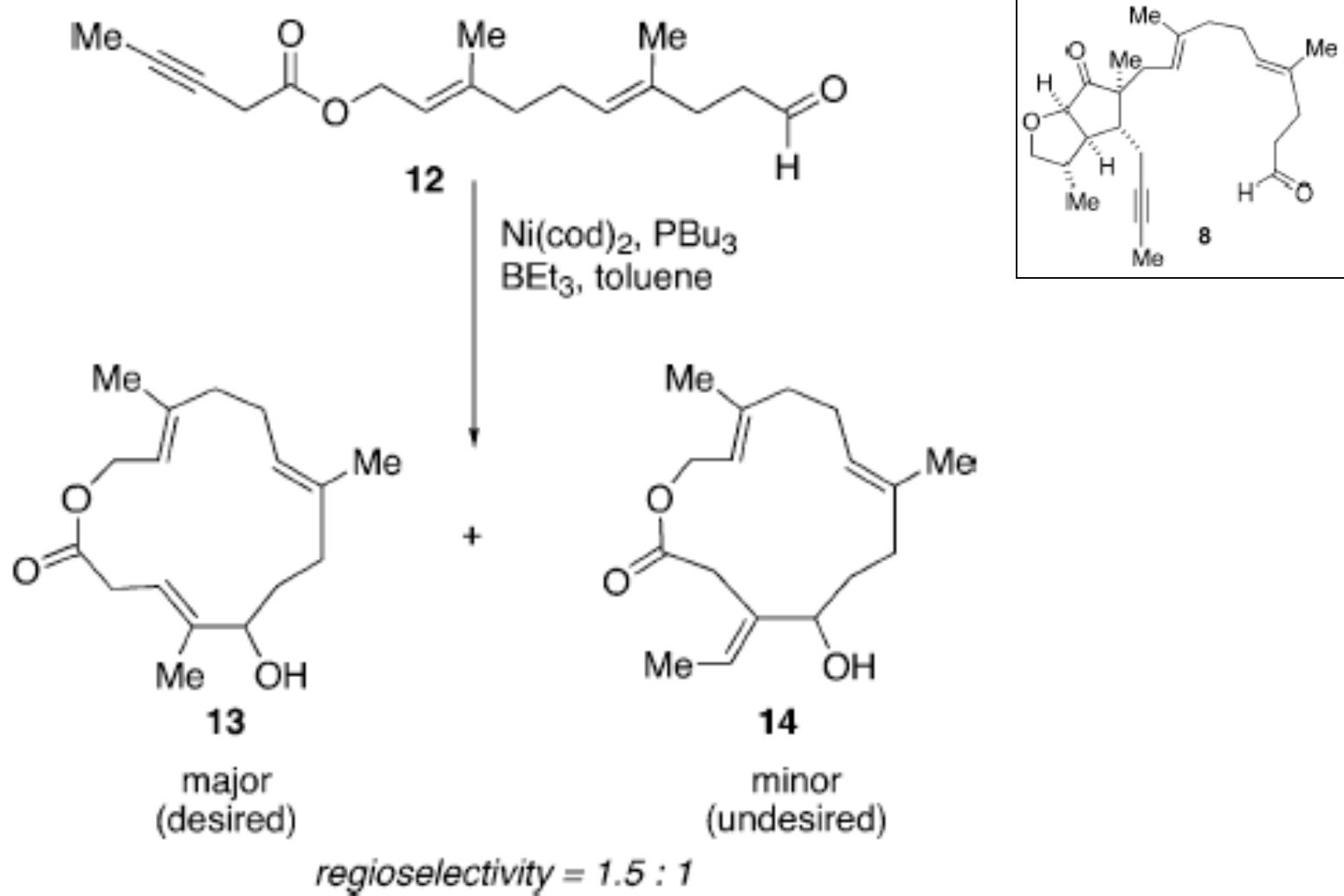
entry	ligand	product ^b	R ¹	R ²	R ³	yield (%) ^c	a:b ^d	ee a (%) ^e	ee b (%) ^f
1	Bu ₃ P	6a, 6b	c-C ₆ H ₁₁	Me	i-Pr	55	2.0:1	na	na
2	Ph ₂ P(<i>n</i> -Bu)	6a, 6b	c-C ₆ H ₁₁	Me	i-Pr	56	1.9:1	na	na
3	Ph ₂ P(Cy)	6a, 6b	c-C ₆ H ₁₁	Me	i-Pr	62	2.0:1	na	na
4	FcPPh ₂	6a, 6b	c-C ₆ H ₁₁	Me	i-Pr	60	3.0:1	na	na
5	1a	6a, 6b	c-C ₆ H ₁₁	Me	i-Pr	65	2.2:1	46	45
6	1b	6a, 6b	c-C ₆ H ₁₁	Me	i-Pr	27	1.8:1	8	12
7	1c	6a, 6b	c-C ₆ H ₁₁	Me	i-Pr	53	1.6:1	-34	-28
8	1d	6a, 6b	c-C ₆ H ₁₁	Me	i-Pr	33	1:1	-44	-10
9	1e	6a, 6b	c-C ₆ H ₁₁	Me	i-Pr	60	2.4:1	2	4
10	1f	6a, 6b	c-C ₆ H ₁₁	Me	i-Pr	60	3.8:1	-28	-17
11	1g	6a, 6b	c-C ₆ H ₁₁	Me	i-Pr	46	5.7:1	-55	-19
12	1h	6a, 6b	c-C ₆ H ₁₁	Me	i-Pr	33	1:1	-52	-37
13	11	6a, 6b	c-C ₆ H ₁₁	Me	i-Pr	50	2.0:1	-35	-38
14	12	6a, 6b	c-C ₆ H ₁₁	Me	i-Pr	40	1:1	-20	-17
15	13	6a, 6b	c-C ₆ H ₁₁	Me	i-Pr	22	1.2:1	-35	-39
16	1a	7	<i>n</i> -Pr	<i>n</i> -Pr	Ph	85	na	49	na
17	1c	7	<i>n</i> -Pr	<i>n</i> -Pr	Ph	80	na	-4	na
18	1f	7	<i>n</i> -Pr	<i>n</i> -Pr	Ph	81	na	12	na
19	1g	7	<i>n</i> -Pr	<i>n</i> -Pr	Ph	79	na	-28	na
20	1h	7	<i>n</i> -Pr	<i>n</i> -Pr	Ph	87	na	-36	na
21	1a	8	<i>n</i> -Pr	<i>n</i> -Pr	<i>n</i> -Pr	80	na	55	na
22	1a	9	<i>n</i> -Pr	<i>n</i> -Pr	i-Pr	80	na	55	na
23	1a	10a, 10b	c-C ₆ H ₁₁	Me	<i>n</i> -Pr	30	2.2:1	67	68

Proposed Mechanism

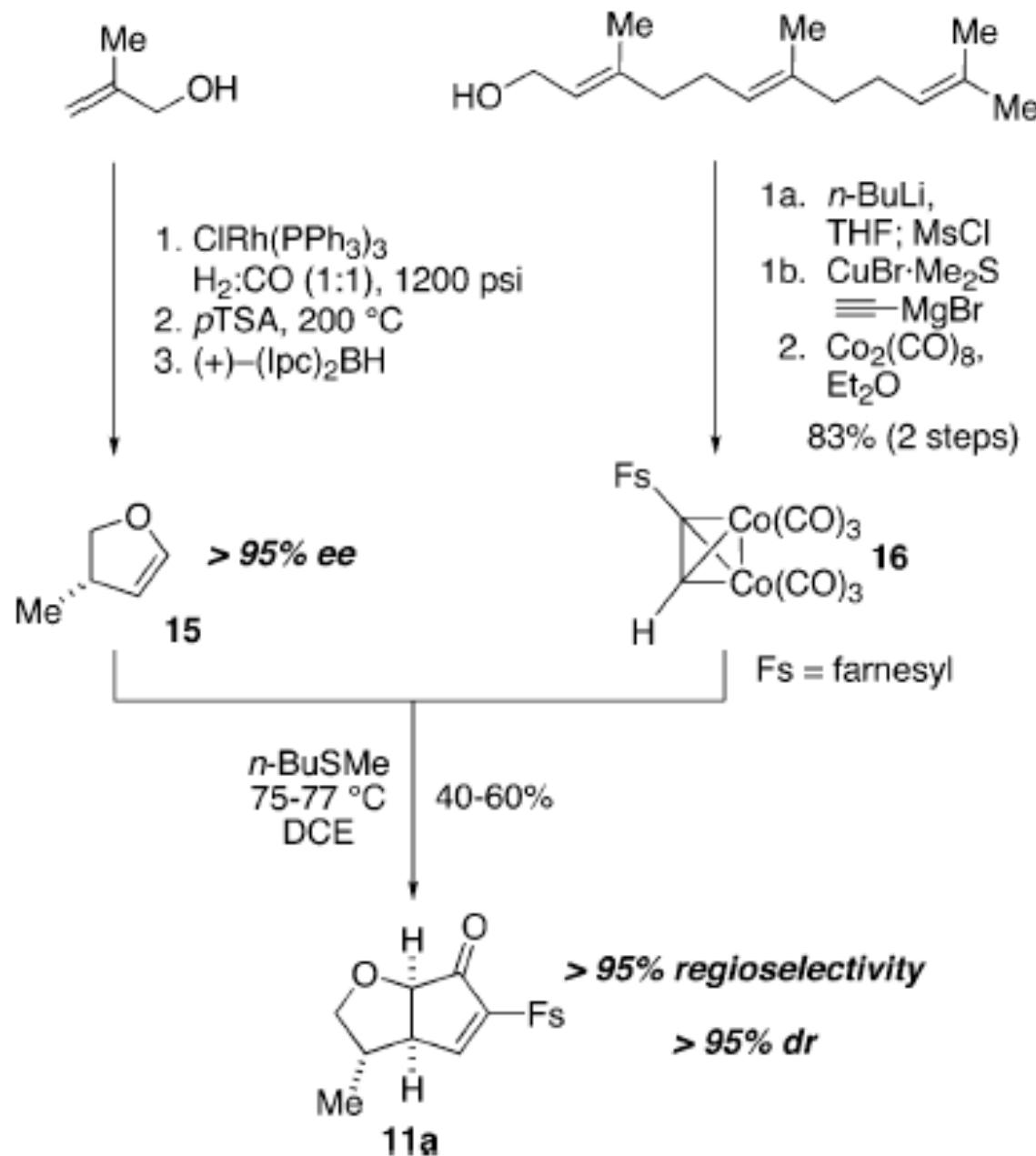


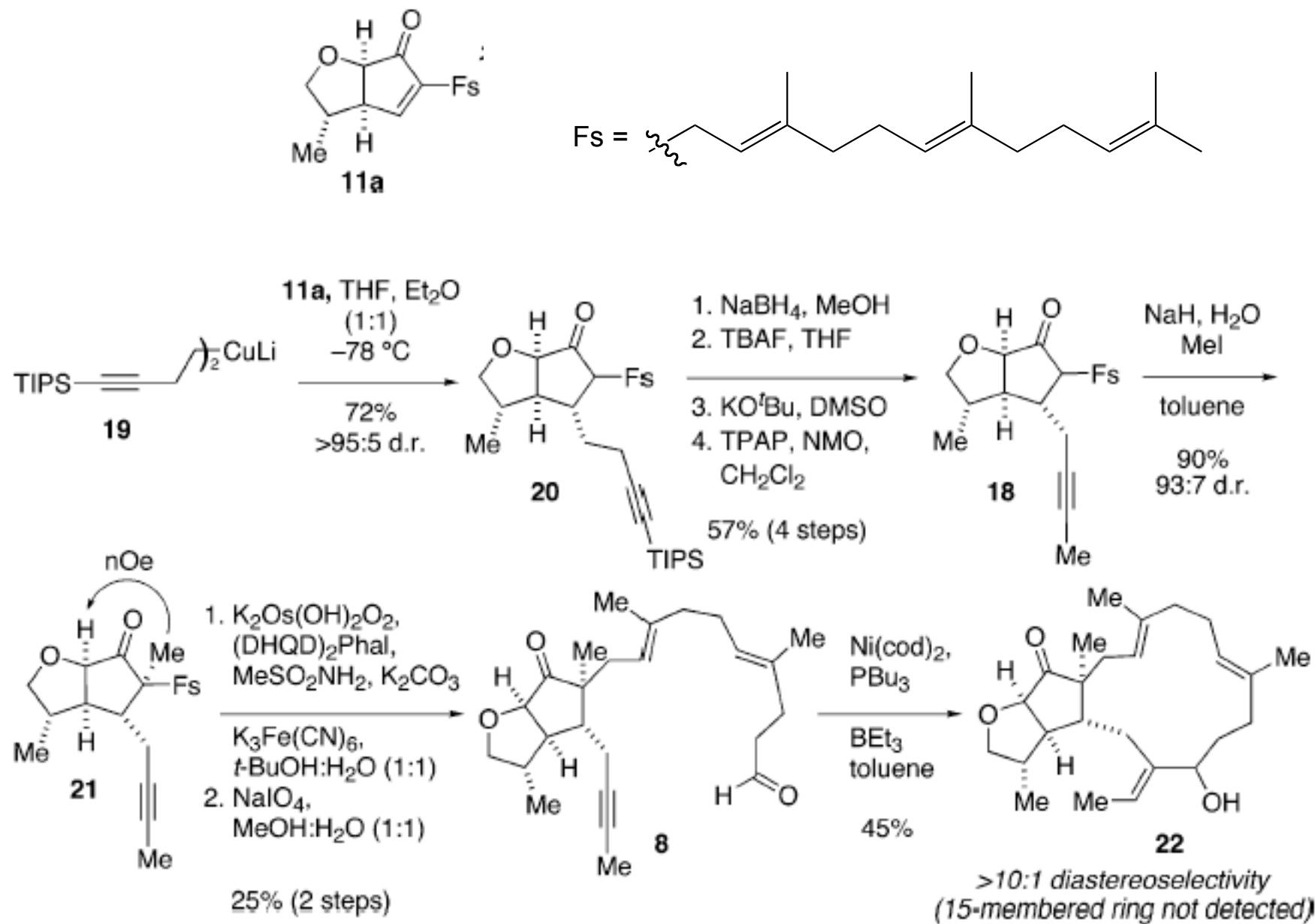
Elizabeth A. Colby and Tomothy F. Jamison; *JOC*, **2003**, 68, 156-166

Macrocyclization of Model Substrate 12

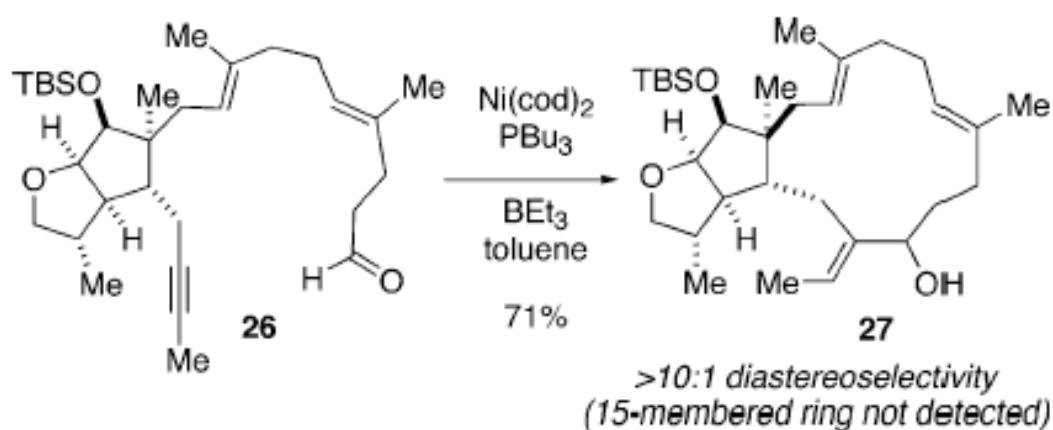
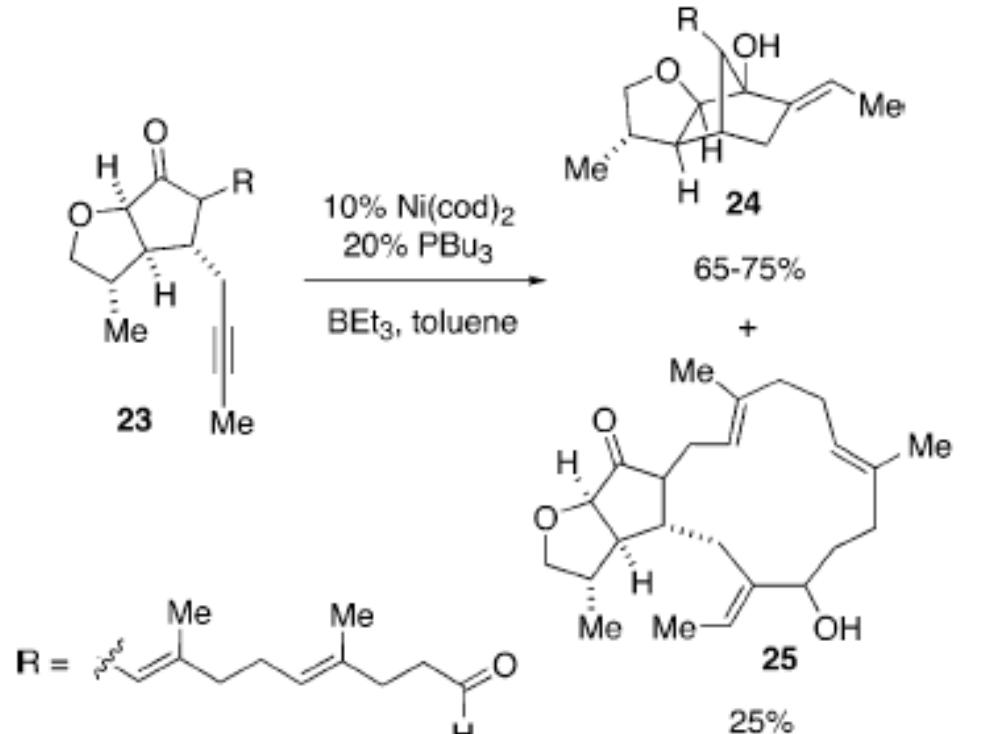


Synthesis of the *cis*-fused 5,5-ring System

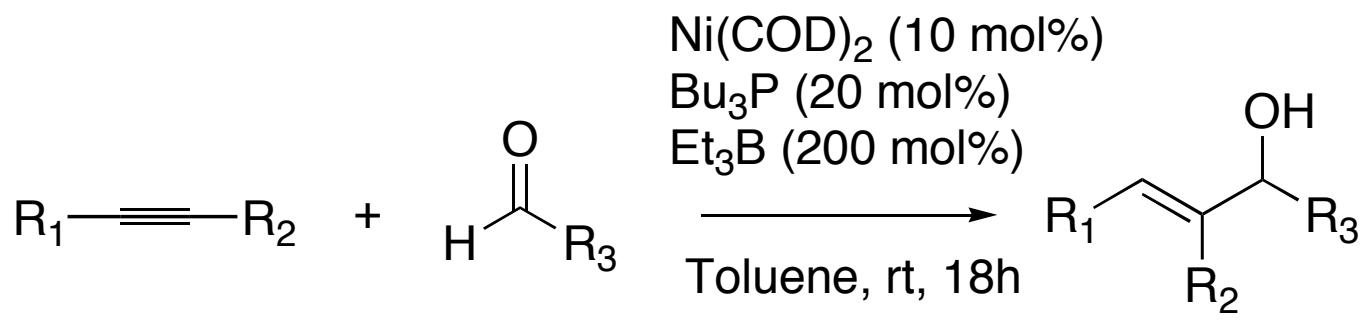




Other Attempts on Intramolecular Cyclization



Intermolecular Coupling of Alkynylsilanes

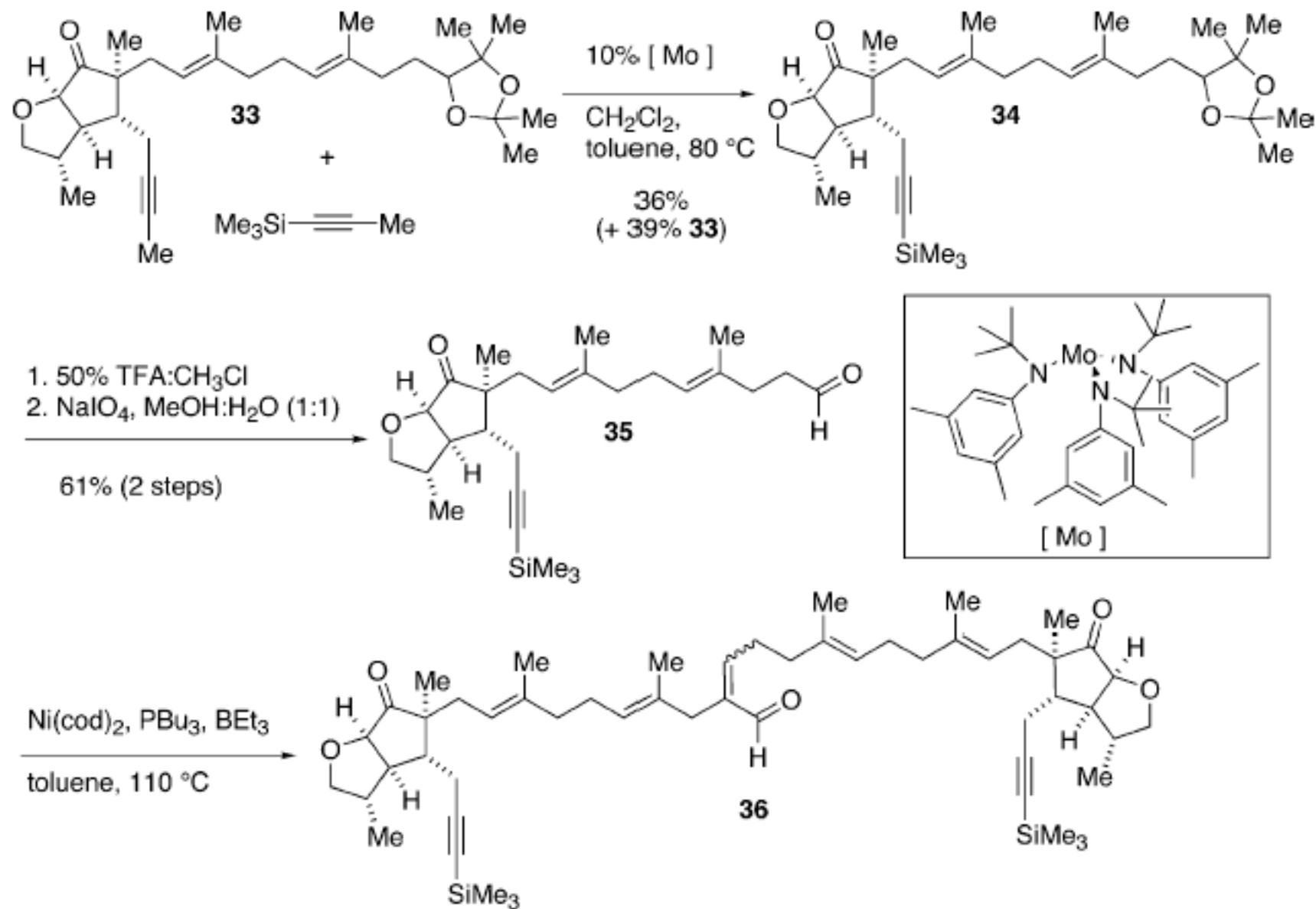


$\text{R}_1 = \text{Ph}, \text{R}_2 = \text{SiMe}_3, \text{R}_3 = \text{n-Hept}$ 89% ($> 98:2$)

$\text{R}_1 = \text{n-Bu}, \text{R}_2 = \text{SiMe}_3, \text{R}_3 = \text{n-Hept}$ 58% ($> 98:2$)

Weisheng Huang, Johann Chan and Timothy F. Jamison, *OL*, **2000**, 4221-4223

Intramolecular Cyclization of an Alkynylsilane



Possible Reason for the Failure

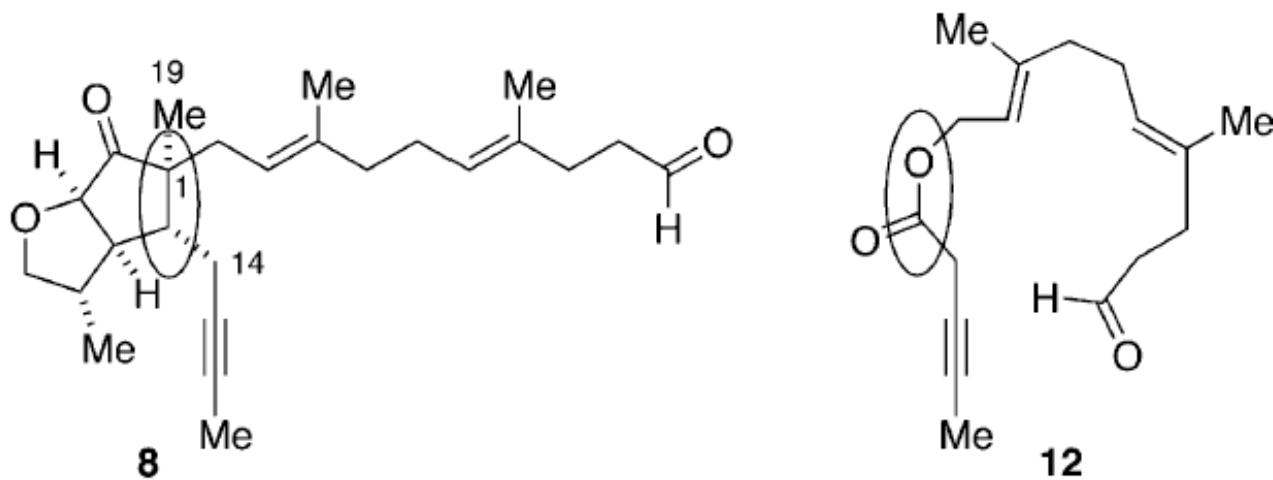
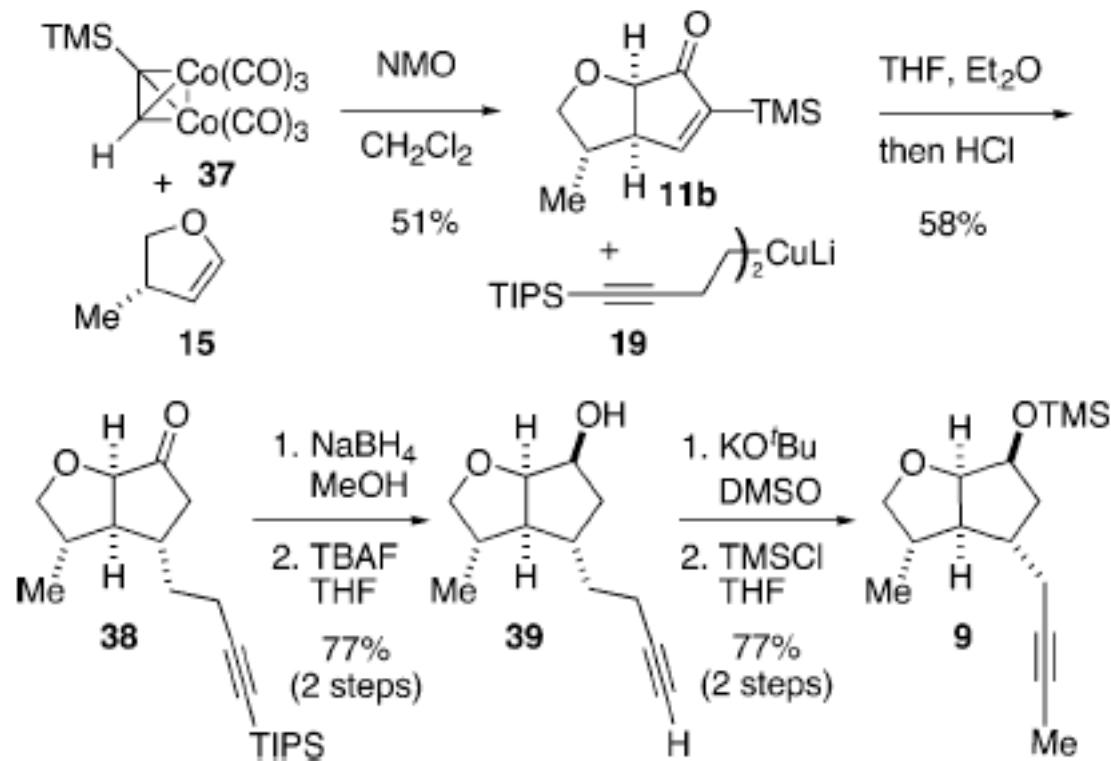


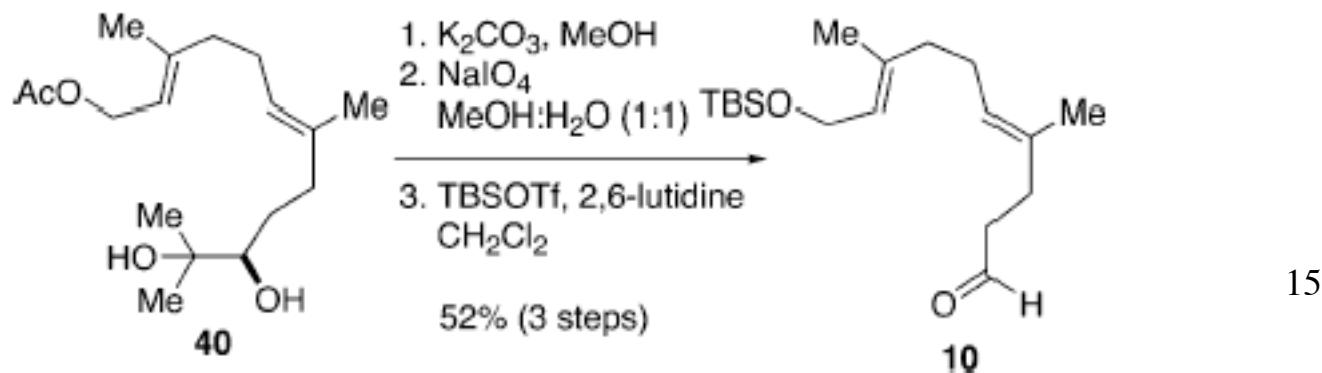
Figure 3. Comparison of **8** to a cyclization model compound (**12**); (*E*)-ester conformer shown for clarity.

Intermolecular Strategy: Synthesis of Fragment 9 and 10

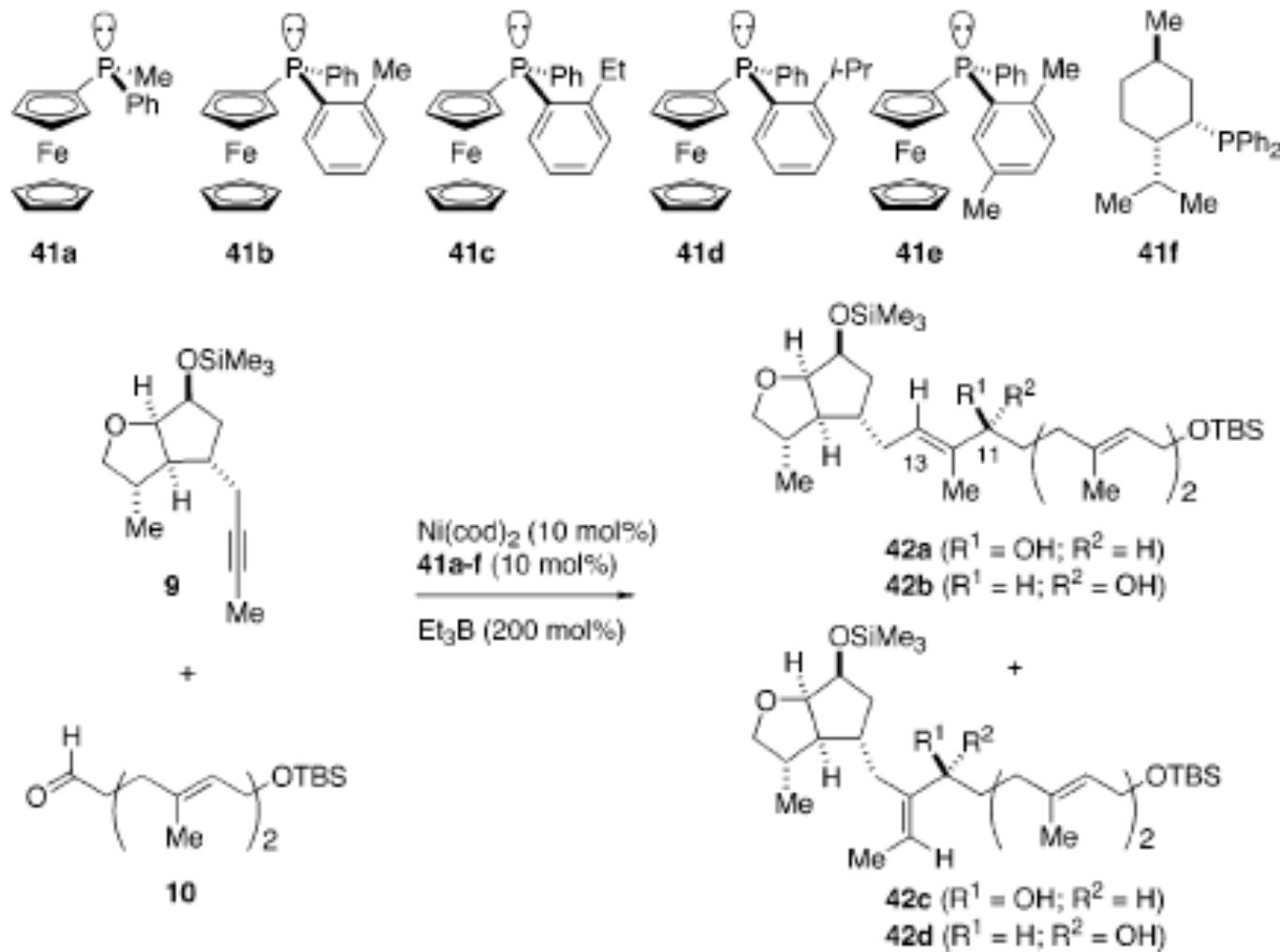
Scheme 12



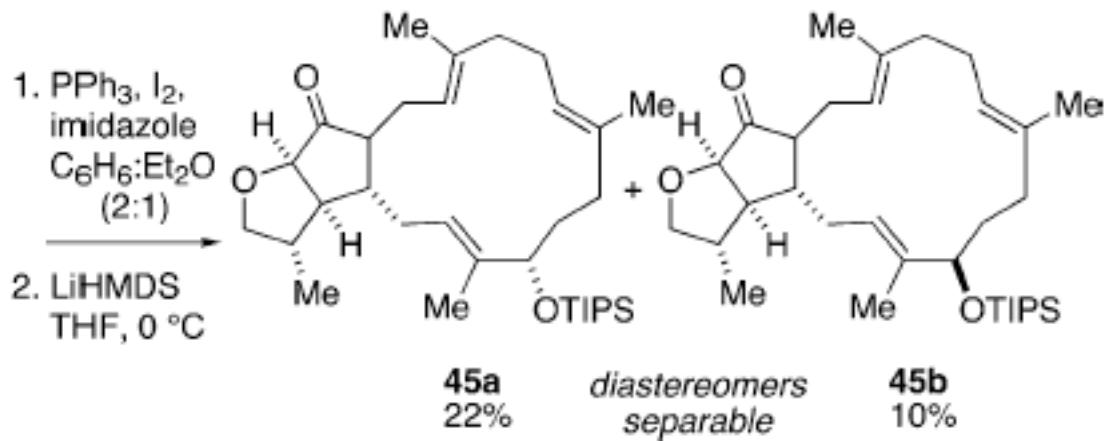
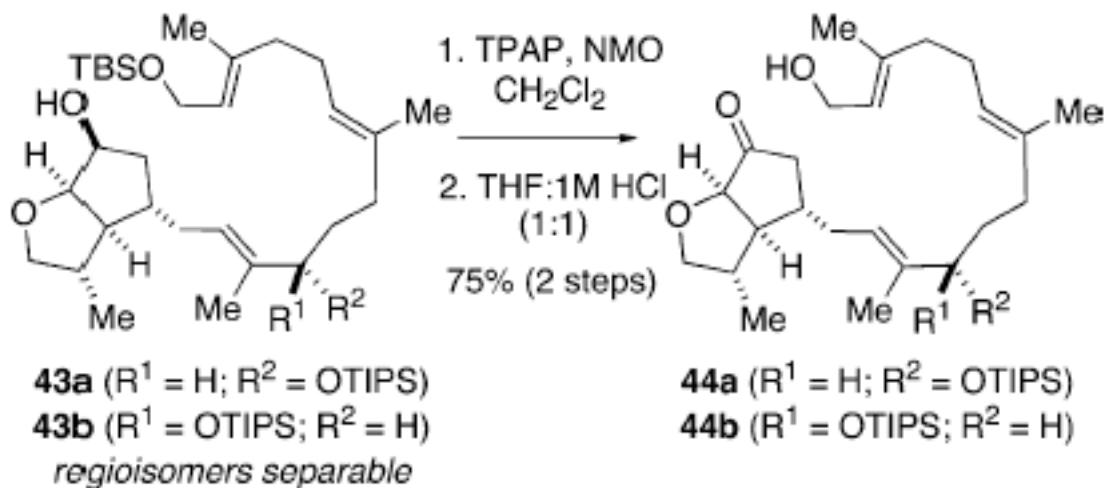
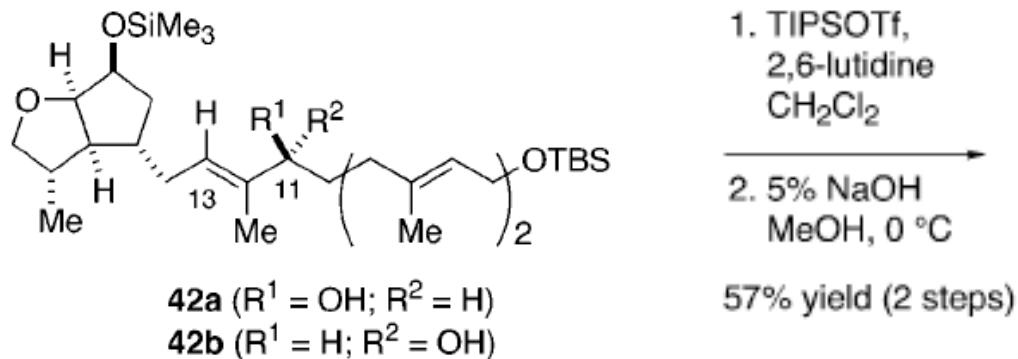
Scheme 13



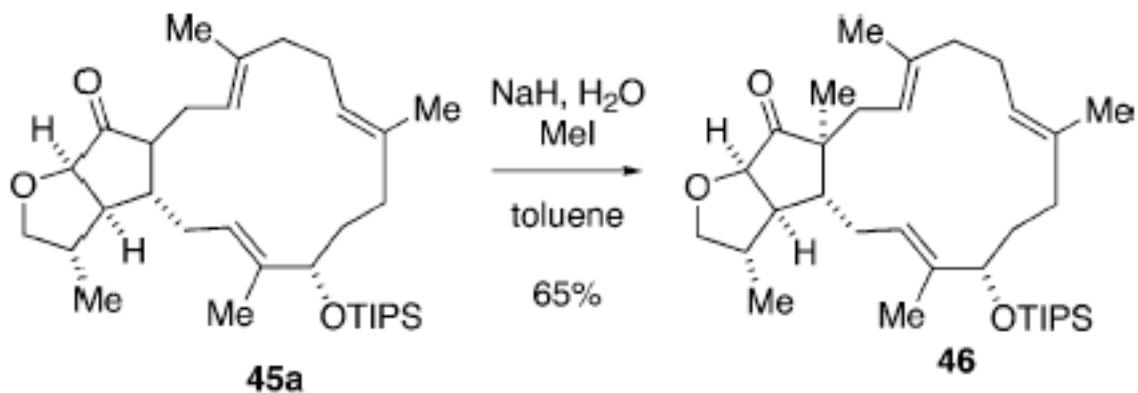
Intermolecular Ni-catalyzed Reductive Coupling



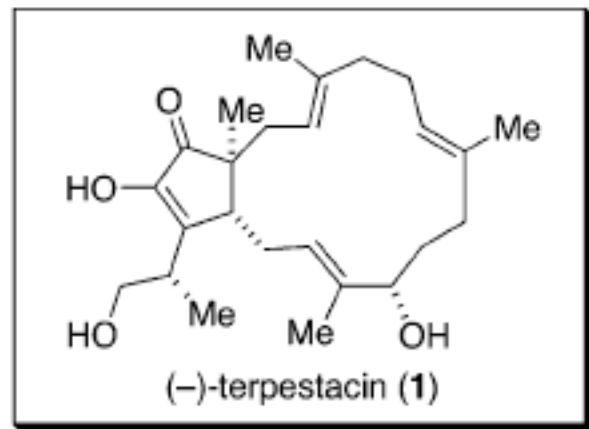
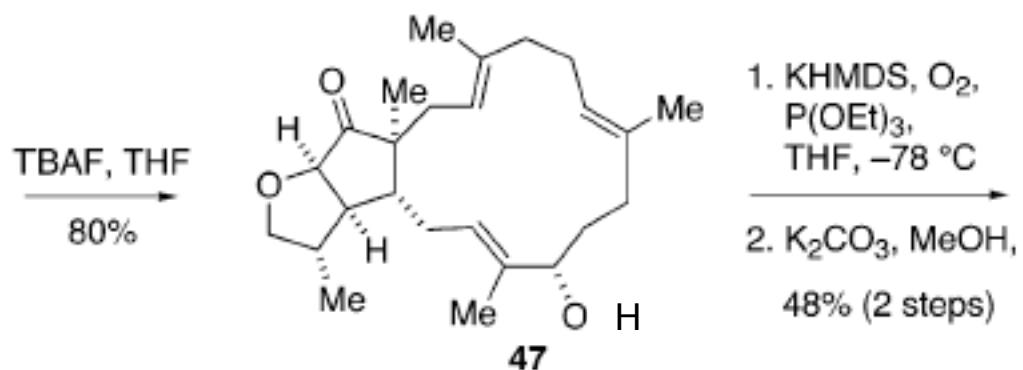
	Diastereoselectivity (42a+42c / 42b+42d)	Regioselectivity (42a+42b / 42c+42d)	overall yield
PBu_3	1 : 1	1.5 : 1	
41e	2 : 1	2.6 : 1	85%



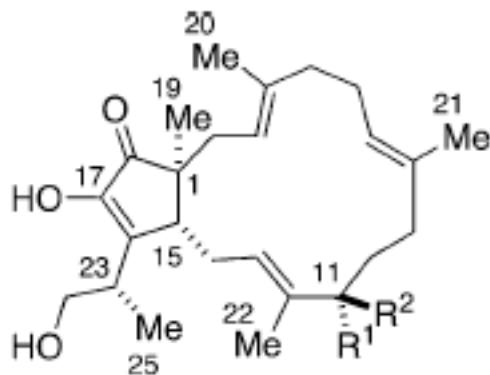
Scheme 15



>95:5 diastereoselectivity



h



1 ($R^1 = OH; R^2 = H$; terpestacin)
2 ($R^1 = H; R^2 = OH$; 11-*epi*-terpestacin)

carbon	terpestacin (Oka, Myers, Jamison)	11- <i>epi</i> -terpestacin (Jamison)	siccanol (Miyagawa)
2	1.68–1.80, 2.40	2.05–2.27	1.75, 2.36
3	5.25	5.34	5.25
5	1.90–2.04, 2.22–2.30	1.98, 2.05–2.27	2.01, 2.24
6	2.09–2.12, 2.22–2.30	2.05–2.27	2.11, 2.26
7	5.14	5.13	5.13
9	1.68–1.80, 2.09–2.12	1.70–1.88, 2.05–2.27	1.78, 2.18
10	1.68–1.80	1.70–1.88	1.70, 1.75
11	4.06	4.06	4.07
13	5.41	5.50	5.38
14	1.90–2.04, 2.45	1.70–1.88, 2.50	1.92, 2.44
15	2.72	2.57	2.72
19	1.01	1.13	0.99
23	2.68	2.7	2.66
24	3.83, 3.90	3.83, 3.89	3.80, 3.85
25	1.29	1.30	1.29