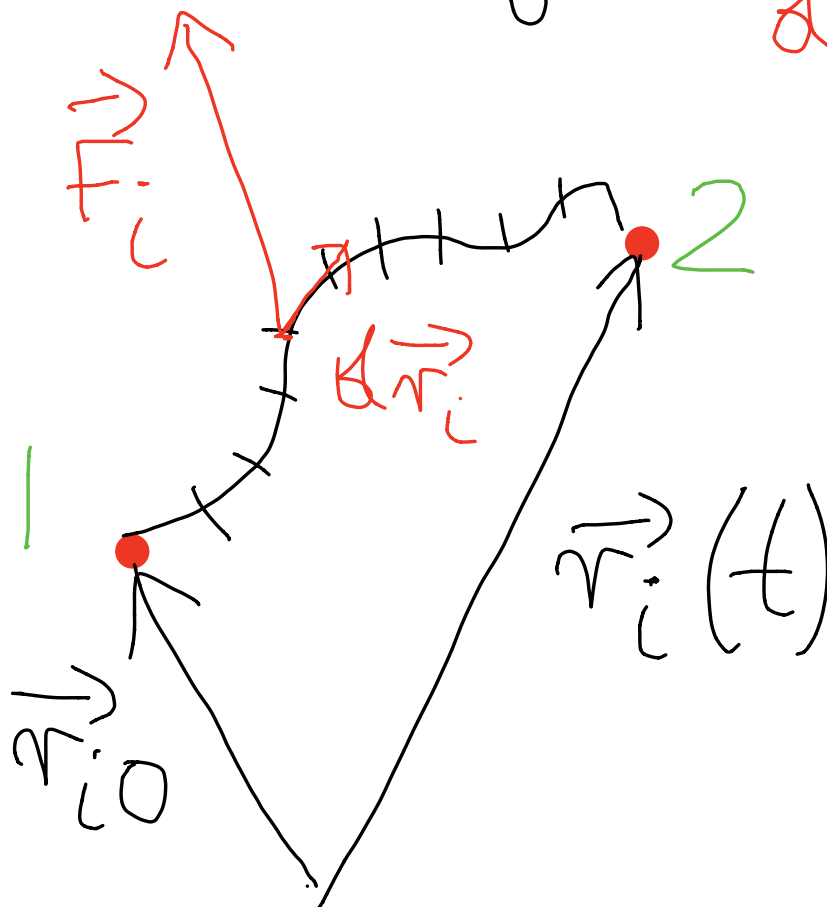


$$\begin{aligned}
 V(t) - V(t_0) &= - \sum_{i=1}^N \int_{t_0}^t \underbrace{\vec{F}_i \cdot \underbrace{\vec{v}_i}_{d\vec{r}_i}}_{d\vec{r}_i} dt
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 & V(\vec{r}_1, \dots, \vec{r}_N) - V(\vec{r}_1, \dots, \vec{r}_N) \\
 & = - \sum_{i=1}^N \int_{\vec{r}_{i0}}^{\vec{r}_i} \vec{F}_i \cdot d\vec{r}_i
 \end{aligned}$$

$$N=1, 1D$$

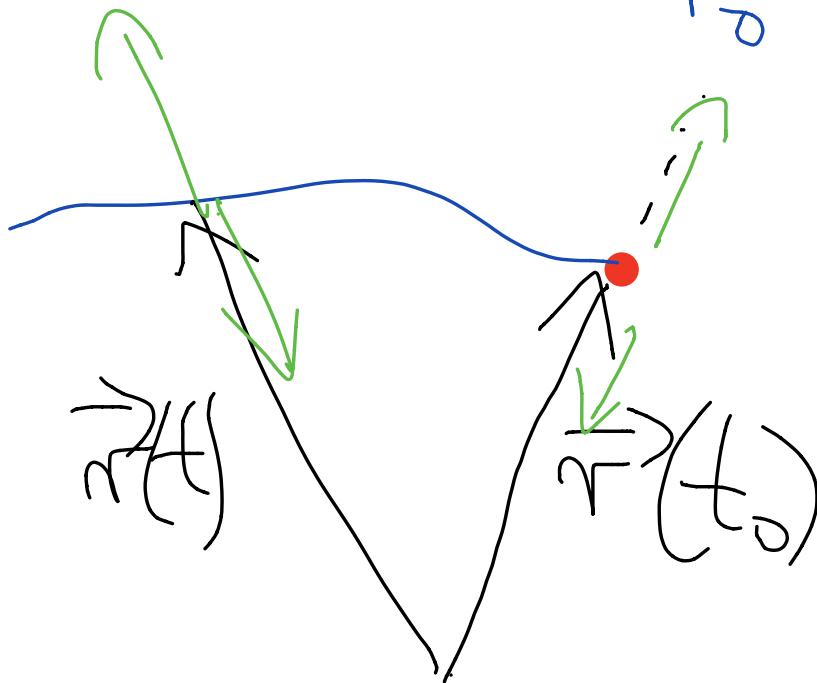
$$F_x = m\ddot{x}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 V(x) - V(x_0) &= \\
 &= - \int_{x_0}^x F_x dx
 \end{aligned}$$

$N=1, 3D$

$$V(\vec{r}) - V(\vec{r}_0)$$

$$= - \int_{\vec{r}_0}^{\vec{r}} \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$$



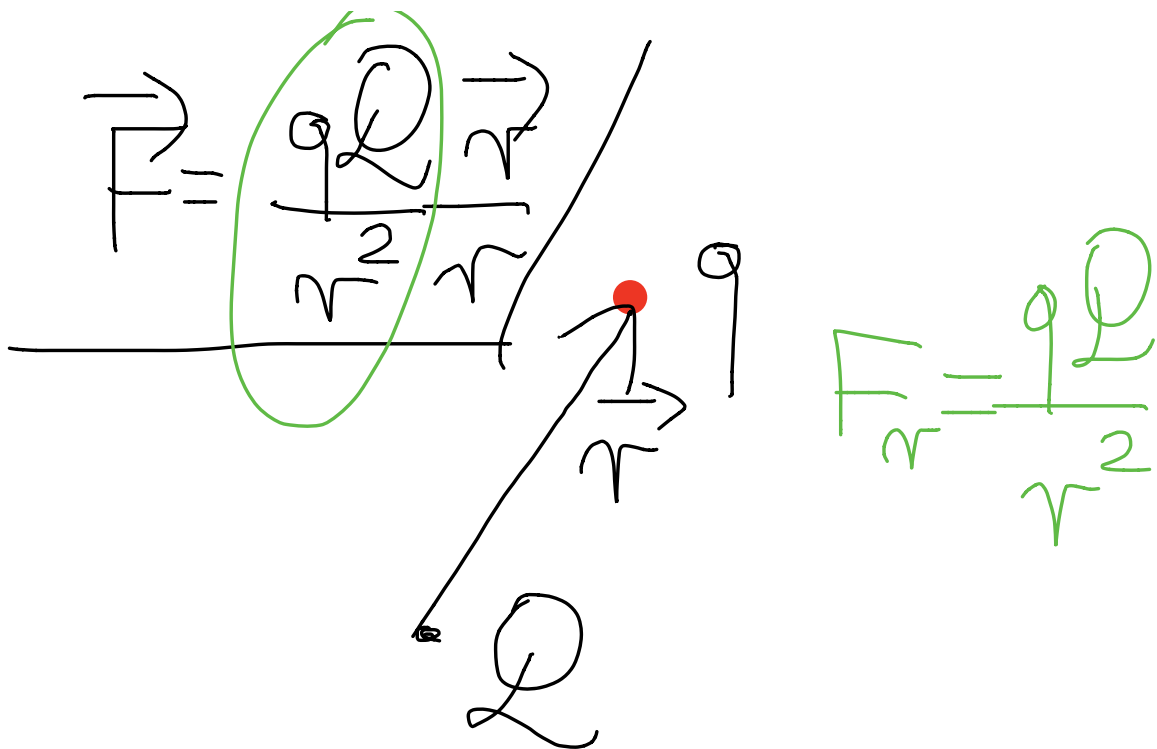
$$\vec{F} = F_r \frac{\vec{r}}{r}$$

$$V(\vec{r}) - V(\vec{r}_0) = - \int_{\vec{r}_0}^{\vec{r}} \vec{F}(\vec{r}) \cdot d\vec{r} \quad r dr$$

$$\vec{r} \cdot d\vec{r} = \frac{1}{2} d(\vec{r} \cdot \vec{r})$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} d(r^2) = r dr$$

$$V(r) - V(r_0) = - \int_{r_0}^r F_r dr$$



$$V(r) - V(r_0) = - \int_{r_0}^r \frac{qQ}{r^2} dr$$

$$V(r) = V(r_0) - \int_{r_0}^r \frac{qQ}{r^2} dr$$

$$V(r) = V(r_0) + \frac{qQ}{r} \quad \begin{array}{c} r \\ \downarrow \\ r_0 \end{array}$$

$$V(r) = \frac{qQ}{r} + \text{const.}$$

$$\lim_{r \rightarrow \infty} V(r) = 0$$

$$r \rightarrow \infty \quad V(r) = \frac{qQ}{r}$$

$$\vec{F}_i^{\text{tot}} = \vec{F}_i^e + \vec{F}_i^c$$

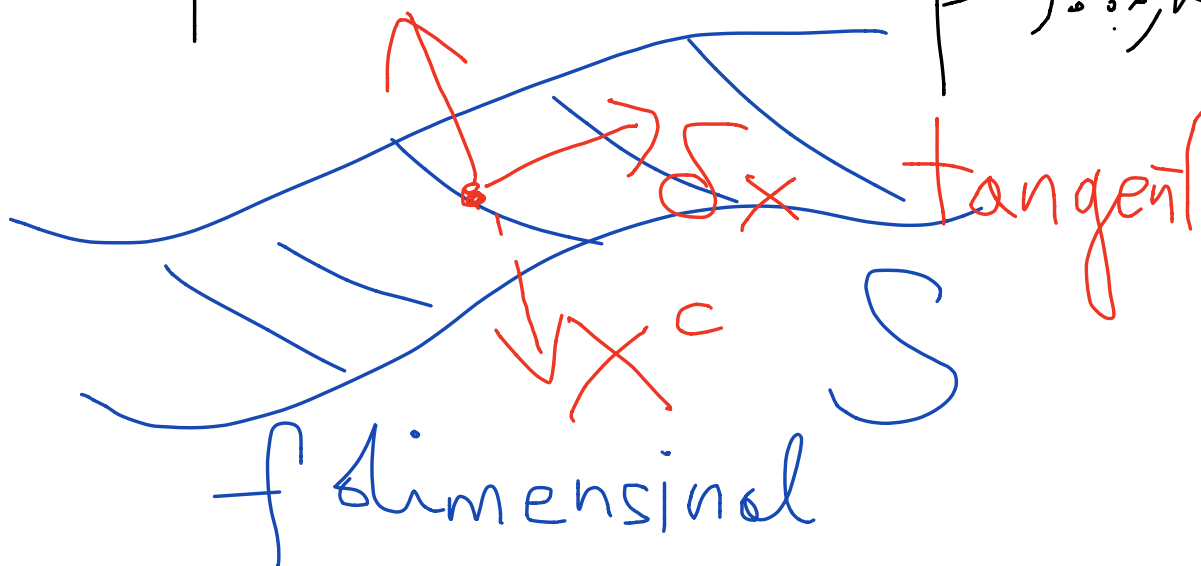
$$i = 1, \dots, N$$

$$X_{\delta}^{\text{tot}} = X_{\delta} + X_{\delta}^c$$

$$\delta = 1, \dots, 3N$$

$$f_p(x_1, \dots, x_N, t) = 0$$

$$p = 1, \dots, k$$



$$X^c \perp \delta x$$

$$X^c \cdot \delta x = 0$$

$$\sum_{i=1}^{3N} X_i^c \delta x_i = 0$$



$$p=1, \dots, k$$

$$f_p(x_1, \dots, x_{3N}, t) = 0$$

$$\nabla f_p \perp S$$

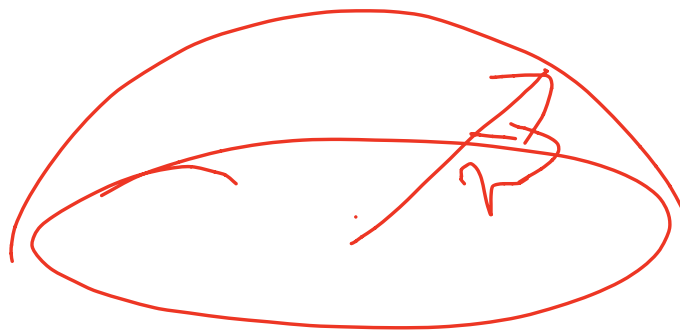
$$\nabla f_p = \left(\frac{\partial f_p}{\partial x_1}, \dots, \frac{\partial f_p}{\partial x_N} \right)$$

$$f(x, y, z) = x^2 + y^2 + z^2 - a$$

$$\nabla f = \left(\frac{\partial f}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial y}, \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \right)$$

$$= (2x, 2y, 2z)$$

$$= 2 \vec{r}$$



$$\nabla f_p \perp \delta x$$

$$p=1, \dots, N$$

$$\nabla f_p \cdot \delta x = 0$$

$$\sum_{j=1}^N \frac{\partial f_p}{\partial x_j} \delta x_j = 0$$

$$0 - X_j^c = X_j - m_j \ddot{x}_j$$

$$-\sum_{j=1}^{3N} X_j^c \delta x_j$$

$$= \sum_{j=1}^{3N} (X_j - m_j \ddot{x}_j) \delta x_j$$

$$\sum_{j=1}^{3N} (X_j - m_j \ddot{x}_j) \delta x_j = 0$$