

Chemistry 485

Spring, 2010

Distributed: Wed., 17 Feb. 2010

(10 points)

Problem Set #5

Due: Mon., 22 Feb. 2010

1. Calculate the ratio of the wavelength of the 1.332 MeV photon to the *diameter* of the emitting  $^{60}\text{Ni}$  nucleus formed by the beta decay of  $^{60}\text{Co}$ .
2. The  $^{134}\text{Cs}$  nucleus decays 70% of the time by a  $\beta^-$  decay ( $4+$ ,  $T_{1/2}=2.06$  yr) to an excited state ( $4+$ ) in the daughter nucleus  $^{134}\text{Ba}$  at 1.4006 MeV. This state can decay to three lower lying states by gamma ray emission: (1) to a  $2+$  state at 1.168 MeV, (2) to a different  $2+$  state at 0.6047 MeV, or (3) to the  $0+$  ground state at 0.0 MeV.
  - (a) What is the lowest multipolarity and character of the photon that would be emitted in a transition from the  $4+$  excited state to each of the three possible lower energy states?
  - (b) Calculate the three rate constants for photon emission ( $\lambda$  in  $\text{s}^{-1}$ ) from the  $4+$  excited state to each of the three possible lower energy states using the Weisskopf estimates.

