

DDQ-induced C-C bond forming reactions

Ying, B. P.; Trogden, B. G.; Kohlman, D. T.; Liang, S. X.; Xu, Y. C. *Organic Letters* **2004**, *6*, 1523

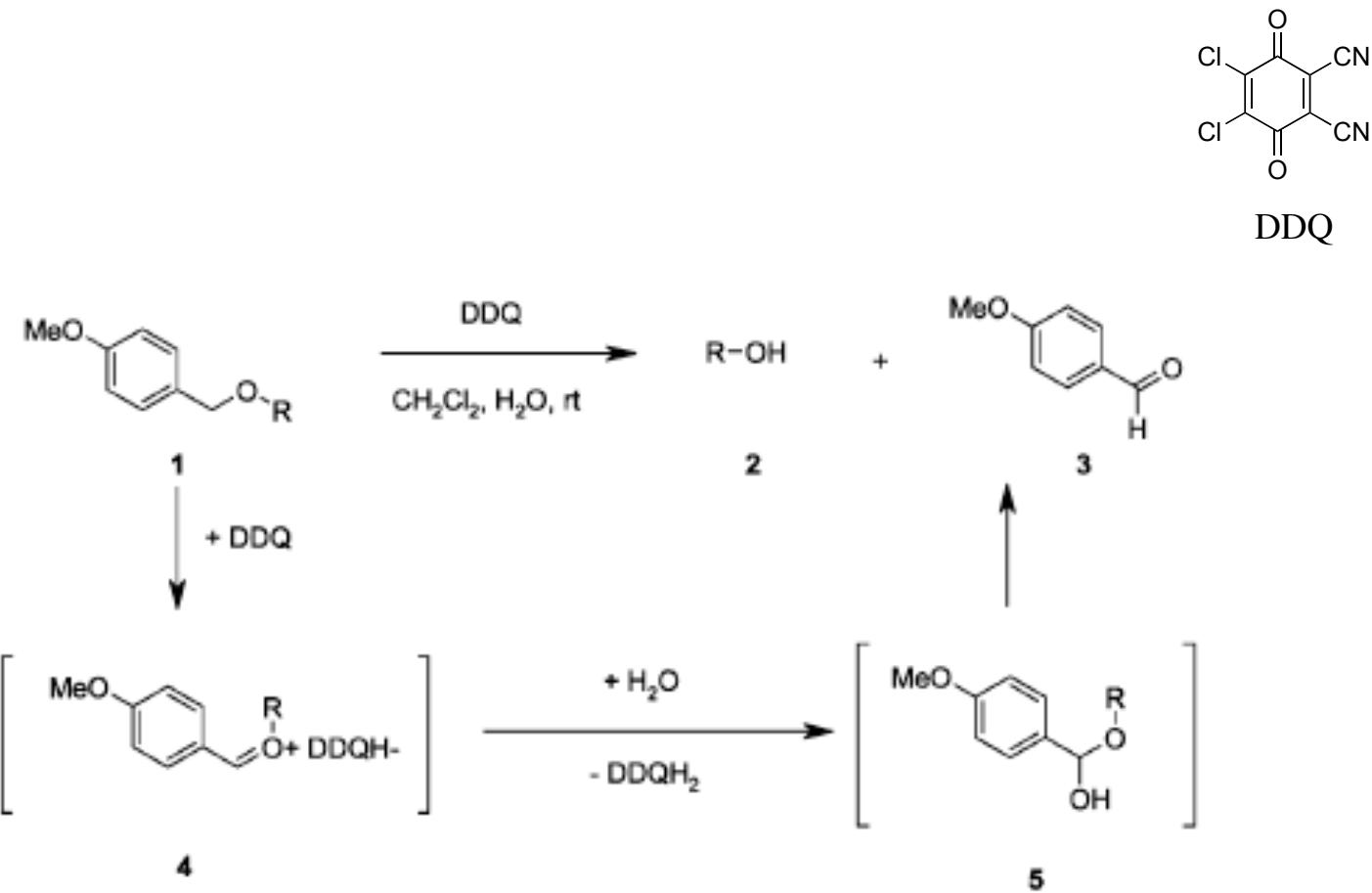
Xu, Y. C.; Kohlman, D. T.; Liang, S. X.; Eriksson, C. *Organic Letters* **1999**, *1*, 1599

Xu, Y. C.; Roy, C.; Lebeau, E. *Tetrahedron Letters* **1993**, *34*, 8189

Xu, Y. C.; Lebeau, E.; Gillard, J. W. *Tetrahedron Letters* **1993**, *34*, 3841

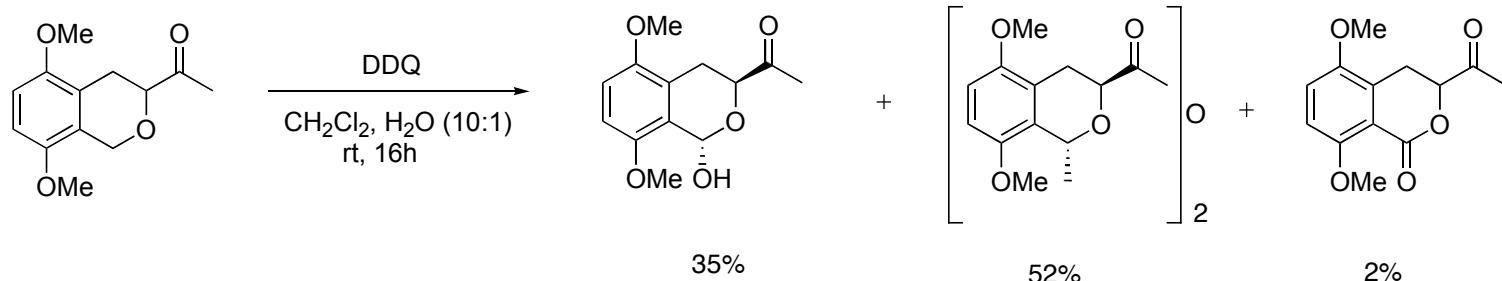
(Lilly Research Labs, Indiana)

Deprotection of benzyl ethers



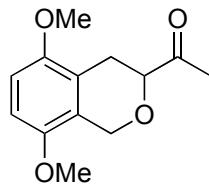
Addition of O- nucleophiles

-Water

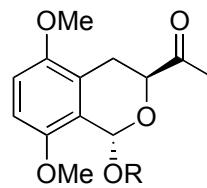


-Alcohols

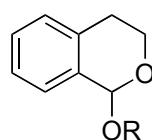
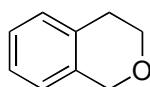
Isochromans



Product

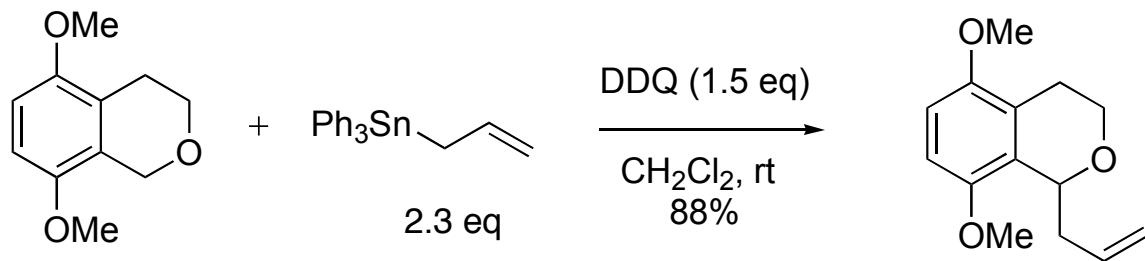


R=Me	93%	(trans only)
R=iPrO	90%	
R=tBu	90%	



R=H	85%
R=Me	78%

Addition of C- nucleophiles

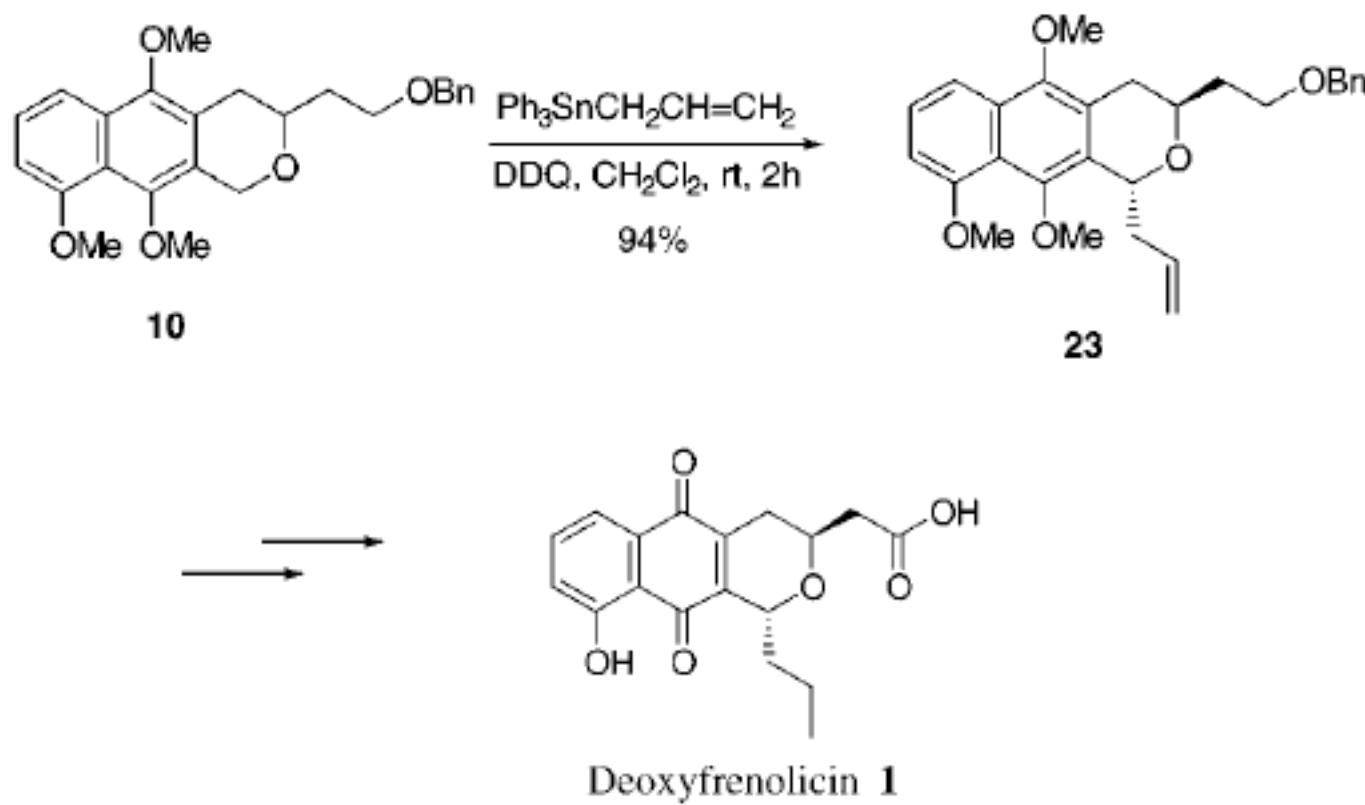


Xu et al. *Tetrahedron Letters* **1993**, 34, 8189

Addition of C- nucleophiles

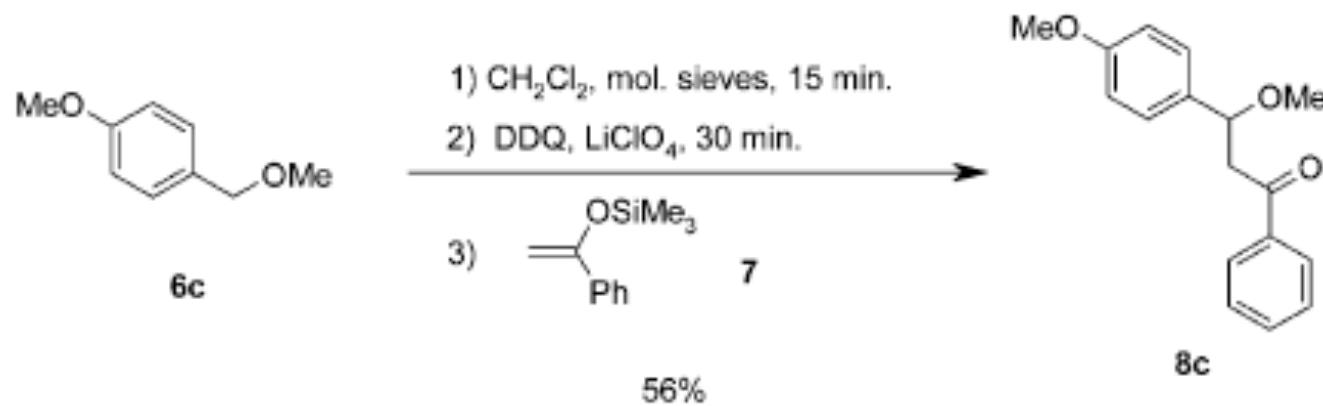
Substrate	Nucleophile	Product	R	Yields	trans / cis
				78	
				49	
				50	
				73	
				25	
				77	10 / 1
				97	13 / 1
				45	trans only
	BuMgCl		Bu	54	>>
	BuLi			48	>>
				71	

Application of the allylation protocol



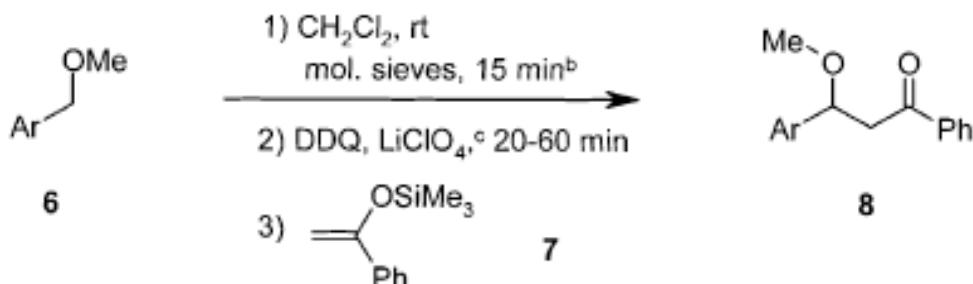
Xu et al. *Organic Letters* **1999**, *1*, 1599

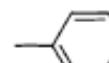
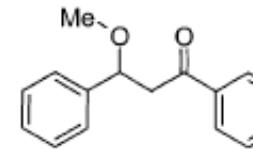
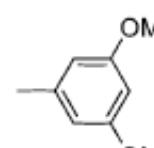
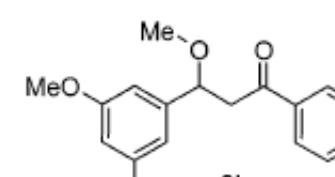
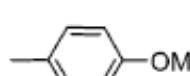
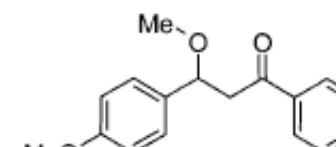
Coupling of benzyl ether with enol ethers

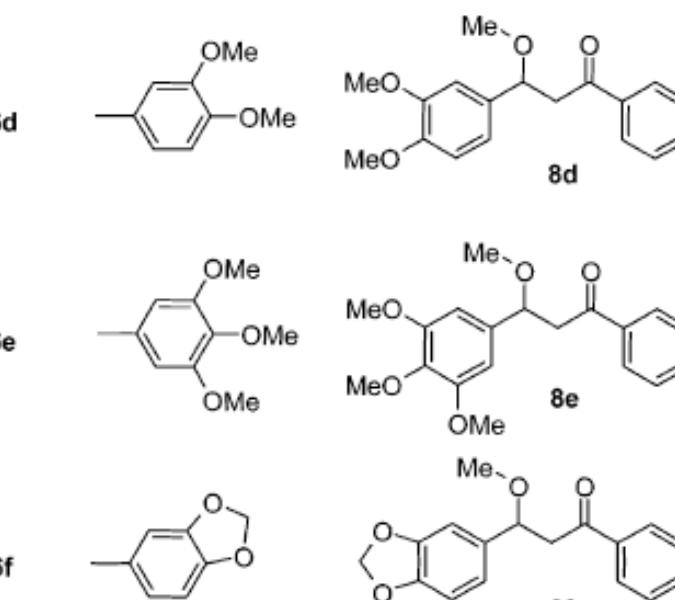


Without LiClO_4 : 45% yield

Various benzyl ethers



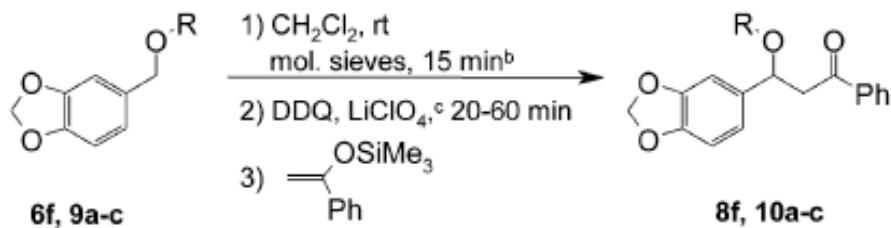
starting material	-Ar	product 8^d	yield
6a			0%
6b			10%
6c			56%



^a All reactions were carried out in anhydrous conditions at room temperature under nitrogen pressure with 0.1 M solution of compound 6 in H₂Cl₂. ^b Anhydrous dichloromethane purchased from Aldrich in a Sure-seal bottle was used. ^c Performed with about 0.2–0.5 equiv of LiClO₄. ^d All yields refer to isolated products.

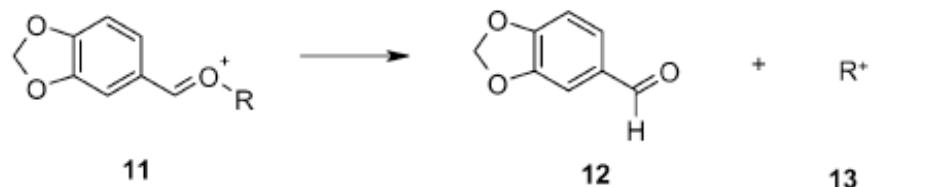
^e Isolated yield after flash chromatography separation.

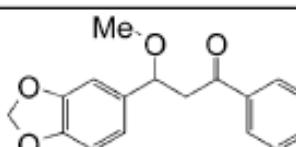
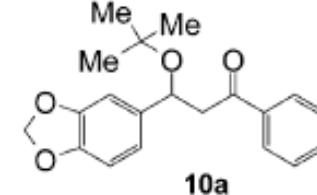
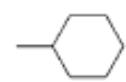
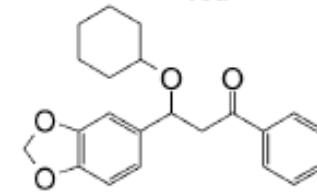
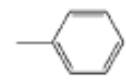
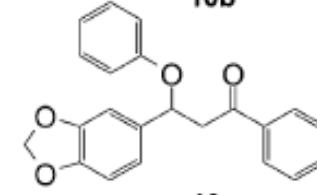
Various R groups



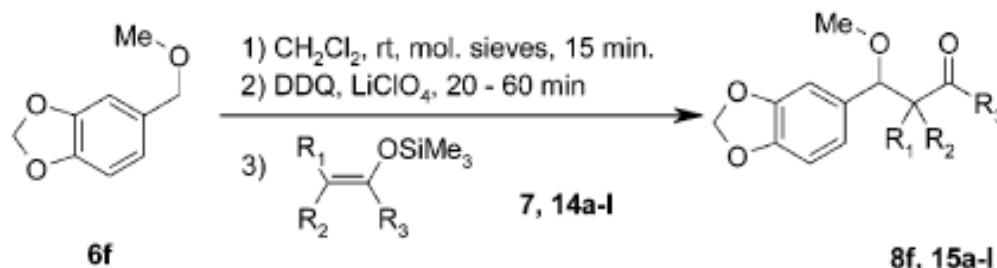
^a All reactions were carried out in anhydrous conditions at room temperature under nitrogen pressure with 0.1 M solution of compound 6 or 9 in CH_2Cl_2 . ^b Anhydrous dichloromethane purchased from Aldrich in aSure/Seal bottle was used. ^c Performed with about 0.2–0.5 equiv of LiClO_4 . ^d All products were characterized by ^1H NMR, MS, and elemental analysis.
^e Isolated yield after flash chromatography separation.

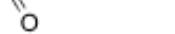
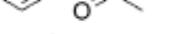
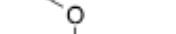
Possible explanation of low yields for 10a, 10c :



starting material	-R	product ^d	yield ^e
6f	-Me		84%
9a			0%
9b			85%
9c			0%

Various enol ethers



trimethylvinyloxysilane ^b	product ^c	yield ^d
 7	 8f	84%
 14a	 15a	65%
 14b	 15b	53%
 14c	 15c	69%
 14d	 15d	77%
 14f	 15f	68%
 14g	 15g	67%
 14h	 15h	75%
 14i	 15i	53%
 14j	 15j	30%
 14k	 15k	71%
 14l	 15l	44%

