

Chemistry 881 Practice Exam #3  
October 19, 2001

1. (10 points) Show that  $Y_1^{-1}(\theta, \phi)$  is normalized and that it is orthogonal to  $Y_2^1(\theta, \phi)$ .
2. (20 points) Calculate the probability that an electron described by a hydrogen atomic 1s function will be found within one Bohr radius of the nucleus.
3. (20 points) Calculate the radius of the sphere that encloses a 90% probability of finding a hydrogen 1s electron. You do not have to get a numerical result but you do have to state clearly and completely how you would go about finding the numerical result.
4. (10 points) What does one mean by a linear variational trial function and how is it used?
5. (20 points) Consider a particle confined between  $x = 0$  and  $x = a$  along the  $x$  axis. Estimate the lowest energy using the variation method and the trial function  $\tilde{\psi} = x(a - x)$ . Compare this estimate with the exact result.
6. (20 points) Use first-order perturbation theory to calculate the energy of a particle in a one dimensional box from  $x = 0$  to  $x = a$  with a slanted bottom, such that

$$V(x) = V_0 x/a \quad 0 \leq x \leq a$$